



Business Cards.

HAWAIIAN
Abstract and Title Co.
NO. 42 MERCHANT ST.
HONOLULU, H. I.

F. M. Hatch - President
Ocell Brown - Vice-President
W. R. Castle - Secretary
J. F. Brown - Treasurer & Manager
W. F. Frazar - Auditor

This Company is prepared to search records and furnish abstracts of title to all real property in the Kingdom.

Parties placing loans on, or contemplating the purchase of real estate will find it to their advantage to consult the company in regard to title.

All orders attended to with promptness.

Call Telephone 125. P. O. Box 185.

The Hawaiian Safe Deposit

Investment Company.

Has superior facilities for buying and selling

STOCKS :-

-:- BONDS

and is in a position to handle large blocks of stocks paying cash for same, or will sell upon commission.

Ewa Plantation Stock

Can be disposed of by us in large or small lots at fair prices.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES of various sizes for the safe keeping of all sorts of valuables rented at reasonable rates.

Silverware and Valuable Articles

taken on storage for a long or short period.

Apply for particulars to

THE HAWAIIAN SAFE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT CO.

3580-m 408 Fort Street, Honolulu.

C. BREWER & CO., LTD
QUEEN STREET, HONOLULU H. I.
AGENTS FOR

Hawaiian Agricultural Co.
Onomea Sugar Co.
Honolulu Sugar Co.
Wailuku Sugar Co.
Waihee Sugar Co.
Mahee Sugar Co.
Haleakala Ranch Co.
Kapapala Ranch.

Planters' Line San Francisco Packets.
Chas. Brewer & Co.'s Line of Boston Packets.
Agents Boston Board of Underwriters.
Agents Philadelphia Board of Underwriters.

LIST OF OFFICERS:
Hon. J. O. Carter, President & Manager
George H. Robertson, Treasurer
E. F. Bishop, Secretary
Col. W. F. Allen
Chas. M. Cooke
H. Waterhouse Esq.
S. C. Allen Esq.

National Iron Works
QUEEN STREET.
Between Alakea and Richard Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED to make all kinds of Iron, Brass, Bronze, Zinc and Lead Castings; also a general Repair Shop for Steam Engines, Rice Mills, Corn Mills, Water Wheels, Wind Mills, etc.; Machines for the cleaning of Coffee, Castor Oil Beans, Ramie, Sisal, Pineapple Leaves and other fibrous plants; also Machines for Paper Stock, Machines for extracting Starch from Manioc, Arrow Root, etc.

White, Ritman & Co.
3428-4f

Massage

MRS. PRAY WOULD ANNOUNCE that she will attend a limited number of patients. Address at H. M. Whitney's, King st.; Bell Telephone 75. 3228-4f

Business Cards.

M. E. Grossman, D.D.S.
DENTIST,
98 HOTEL STREET.
OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.

DR. R. I. MOORE
DENTIST,
Office: Arlington House, Hotel St., Parlor 2.
Gas Administered.
OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 and 1 to 4.
3271-1m

DRS. ANDERSON & LUNDY
DENTISTS,
Hotel St., opp. Dr. J. S. McGrew
GAS ADMINISTERED.

E. L. HUTCHINSON, D. D. S.
DENTIST,
CORNER KING AND RICHARD STREETS.
Mutual Telephone 535.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.
3583

C. B. RIPLEY,
ARCHITECT!
OFFICE—New Safe Deposit Building, HONOLULU, H. I.
Plans, Specifications, and Superintendence given for every description of Building.
Old Buildings successfully remodelled and enlarged.
Designs for Interior Decorations.
Maps or Mechanical Drawing, Tracing, and Blueprinting.
Drawings for Book or Newspaper Illustration.

IF YOU ARE THINKING

Of having a new Bath Tub, Patent Closet, Kitchen Sink, Hot Water Boiler, Gutters, Conductors, Stove Pipe, Water Pipe or anything in the Tinsmith or Plumbing Line, either in new work or general repairing, we would be pleased to receive a call from you, either personally or by telephone. Estimates furnished. All work guaranteed and promptly attended to. We respectfully solicit your trade. Shop: Beretania street, second door east of Armory. Please ring up Mutual Telephone 244.
THOS. NOTT.
Per JAS NOTT, Jr. 3453-q



Pioneer Steam
CANDY FACTORY and BAKERY
F. HORN Practical Confectioner, Pastry Cook and Baker.
No. 71 Hotel St. Telephone.

CENTRAL MARKET!
NUUANU STREET.
First-class Market in every respect; besides carrying a full line of Meats, we make a specialty of
Breakfast Sausages,
Head Cheese,
Pressed Corn Beef.
WESTBROOK & GARES,
3437-q PROPRIETOR.

General Advertisements.

The New Jewelry Store
503 Fort Street,
ARE PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE ANYTHING IN THEIR LINE.
Souvenir Spoons!
a specialty. Also, on hand a fine stock of imported
JEWELRY.
EVERYTHING IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.
Island orders promptly attended to.
P. O. BOX 287.
MUTUAL TELEPHONE 468.

E. A. JACOBSON
Man Hong Restaurant
BETHEL STREET, HONOLULU.
[BETWEEN KING AND HOTEL STREETS.]
The Best 21-Cent Meal in Town!
Fowl in season on Tuesday, Friday and Sunday; Broiled Chicken every Sunday Morning.
TICKETS FOR 21 MEALS \$4.50!
Try it! 3517-4f

Criterion Saloon
PER AUSTRALIA
Another Invoice of the celebrated
JOHN WIELAND EXTRA PALE
Lager Beer
Also, a fresh Invoice of
CALIFORNIA OYSTERS
FOR
OYSTER COCKTAILS
L. H. DEE, Proprietor.
3406

"SANS SOUCI" HOTEL
SEASIDE RESORT,
WAIKIKI, HONOLULU.
"I desire to find no quieter haven than the 'Sans Souci', and may well add with the poet:
'In a more sacred or sequestered bower, Nor nymph nor Faunus haunted.'
ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.
—P. C. Advertiser, Oct. 7, 1893.
T. A. Simpson,
3523-1y MANAGER.

CASTLE & COOKE
LIFE AND FIRE
INSURANCE—
—AGENTS
—AGENTS FOR—
NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL
Life Insurance Co.
OF BOSTON,
Etna Fire Insurance Co.
OF HARTFORD.
HUSTACE & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
WOOD AND COAL
Also White and Black Sand which we will sell at the very lowest market rates.
Bell Telephone No. 419
MUTUAL TELEPHONE No. 414
3498-1y

BOOK-BINDING.
Have Your
Music covered;
Shabby Books made to look new;
Library lettered with your name;
Hymn Book, Pocket Book,
Card Case, etc. lettered.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE PUBLISHING CO.,
46 Merchant St., Honolulu.

General Advertisements.

HAWAIIAN HARDWARE CO.,
HARDWARE,
Cutlery and Glassware
307 Fort Street.
3575-1y

J. M. DAVIDSON,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-law.
Office—36 Merchant Street.

F. M. WAKEFIELD,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
Temporary Office with C. W. Ashford, Merchant Street, Honolulu.
3394-1y

WILLIAM C. PARKE,
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW
—AND—
Agent to take Acknowledgments
OFFICE—No. 18 Keshumani Street, Honolulu, H. I.

W. H. BENSON,
PIANO TUNER
Leave orders with Thomas Krouse, Arlington Hotel, King Street; Telephone: Mutual 180, Mutual 499.
3348-1m

H. BACKFELD & CO.
General Commission Agents
Cor. Fort & Queen Sts., Honolulu

LEWERS & COOKE.
Importers and Dealers in Lumber
All kinds of Building Materials.
No. 22 FORT STREET, Honolulu.

M. W. McCHESNEY & SONS,
Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Importers.
40 Queen St., Honolulu.

LEWIS & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
111 FORT STREET.
Telephone 428 P. O. Box 327

BEAVER SALOON,
Fort Street, Opposite Wilder & Co.'s
H. J. NOLTE, PROPRIETOR.
First-class Lunches Served with Tea, Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk.
Open from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m.
Smokers' Requisites a Specialty.

JOHN T. WATERHOUSE,
Importer and Dealer in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
No. 25-31 Queen Street, Honolulu.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.,
Steam Engines,
Boilers, Sugar Mills, Coolers, Frames and Lead Castings.
And machinery of every description made to order. Particular attention paid to ships' blacksmithing. Job work executed on the shortest notice.

The Planters' Monthly.
CONTENTS FOR DECEMBER, 1893.
Adieu 1893—Welcome 1894.
Preserving Tamarinds.
Sugar and Labor in Fiji.
Canadian Sugar Trade.
Valuable Table for Sugar Boilers and Chemists.
Coffee Planting in Trinidad.
Hilo Plantations—Their Remarkable Prosperity in Recent Years.
Irrigation in Egypt.
Insect Pests on Coffee Trees.
Citric Acid in the Cane Juice.
Beet Seed Exhibits at the World's Fair.
The China Beet Crop in 1893.
United States Banana Importations.
Sisal the Hope of the Lehamas.

Subscription \$2.50 a year.
Foreign Subscription \$3 a year.
Bound Volumes..... 3 50
Back Volumes bound to order.
Address:
GAZETTE PUBLISHING CO.,
46 Merchant St., Honolulu.

THE HISTORY OF MONARCHY.

Conclusion of Professor Alexander's Article.

ROYAL ABUSES OF TWENTY YEARS.

The Kalakaua Opium Bribe-Reform League and Great Mass Meeting.
Constitution of 1887—Final Settlement of the Aki Case.

The facts of this case were stated in the affidavit of Aki, published May 31, 1887, and those of Wong Leong, J. S. Walker and Nahora Hipa, published June 28, 1887, as well as in the decision of Judge Preston in the case of Loo Ngawk et al., executors of the will of T. Aki vs. A. J. Cartwright et al., trustees of the king (Haw. Rep., Vol. vii, p. 401).
I have already spoken of the opium license law, which was carried by the royalist party in the Legislature of 1886, and signed by the king in spite of the most vigorous protests from all classes of the community. As this law had been saddled with amendments, which rendered it nearly unworkable, a set of regulations was published October 15, 1886, providing for the issue of permits to purchase or use opium by the Marshal, who was to retain half the fee and the Government the other half.

The main facts of the case, as proved before the court, are as follows: Early in November, 1886, one Junius Kaee, a palace parasite, informed a Chinese rice-planter named Tong Kee, alias Aki, that he could have the opium license granted to him if he would pay the sum of \$60,000 to the king's private purse, but that he must be in haste because other parties were bidding for the privilege. With some difficulty Aki raised the money, and secretly paid it to Kaee and the king in three installments between December 3 and December 8, 1886. Soon afterwards Kaee called on Aki and informed him that one Kwong Sam Kee had offered the king \$75,000 for the license, and would not get it, unless Aki paid \$15,000 more. Accordingly Aki borrowed the amount and gave it to the king personally on the 11th.

Shortly after this another Chinese syndicate, headed by Chung Lung, paid the king \$80,000 for the same object, but took the precaution to secure the license before handing over the money. Thereupon Aki, finding that he had lost both his money and his license, divulged the whole affair, which was published in the Honolulu papers. He stopped the payment of a note at the bank for \$4000, making his loss \$71,000. Meanwhile Junius Kaee was appointed to the responsible office of registrar of conveyances, which had become vacant by the death of the lamented Thomas Brown.

As was afterwards ascertained, the King ordered a \$100,000 gunboat from England, through Mr. G. W. Macfarlane, but the negotiations for it were broken off by the revolution.
On the 12th of April, 1887, Queen Kapiolani and the Princess Liliuokalani accompanied by Messrs. C. P. Iaukea, J. H. Boyd, and J. O. Dominis, left for England to attend the celebration of the jubilee held upon the fiftieth anniversary of the accession of Her Majesty Queen Victoria. They returned on the 26th of July, 1887.

THE REFORM LEAGUE.
The exposure of the two opium bribes and the appointment of the King's accomplice in the crime as registrar of conveyances helped to bring matters to a crisis, and united nearly all taxpayers not merely against the king but against the system of government under which such iniquities could be perpetrated.

In the spring of 1887 a secret league had been formed in Honolulu, with branches on the other islands, for the purpose of putting an end to the prevailing misrule and extravagance, and of establishing a civilized government, responsible to the people through their representatives. Arms were imported, and rifle clubs sprang up all over the islands. In Honolulu a volunteer organization known as the "Rifles" was increased in numbers, and brought to a high state of efficiency under the command of Col. V. V. Ashford. It is supposed that the league now numbered from 800 to 1,000 men, while its objects had the sympathy of the great majority of the community. It was at first expected that monarchy would then be abolished, and a republican constitution was drawn up.

As the time for action approached, the resident citizens of the United States, Great Britain, and Germany addressed memorials to their respective governments, through their representatives, declaring the conditions of affairs to be intolerable. As is the case in all such movements, the league was composed of average men, actuated by a variety of motives, but all agreed in their main object. Fortunately, the "spoils wing" of the party failed eventually to capture either branch of the Government, upon which a number of them joined the old Gibsonian party and became bitter enemies of reform.

THE GREAT REFORM MEETING.
Some members of the league, in-

cluding Col. Ashford, were in favor of a sudden attack upon the Palace, but this advice was overruled, and it was decided to first hold a public mass meeting to state their grievances and to present specific demands to the King. Accordingly, on the afternoon of the 30th of June, 1887, all business in Honolulu was suspended, and an immense meeting was held in the armory, on Beretania street, composed of all classes, creeds, and nationalities, but united in sentiment as never before or since. The meeting was guarded by a battalion of the Rifles fully armed. A set of resolutions was passed unanimously declaring that the Government had "ceased through incompetency and corruption to perform the functions and to afford the protection to personal and property rights for which all governments exist," and demanding of the King the dismissal of his cabinet, the restitution of the \$71,000 received as a bribe from Aki, the dismissal of Junius Kaee from the land office, and a pledge that the King would no longer interfere in politics.

A committee of thirteen was sent to wait on His Majesty with these demands. His troops had mostly deserted him, and the native populace seemed quite indifferent to his fate. He called in the representatives of the United States, Great Britain, France, and Portugal, to whom he offered to transfer his powers as King. This they refused, but advised him to lose no time in forming a new cabinet and signing a new constitution. Accordingly he sent a written reply the next day, which virtually conceded every point demanded. The new cabinet, consisting of Godfrey Brown, Minister of Foreign Affairs; L. A. Thurston, Minister of the Interior; W. L. Green, Minister of Finance, and C. W. Ashford, Attorney-General, was sworn in on the same day, July 1.

THE CONSTITUTION OF 1887.

As the King had yielded the republican constitution was dropped, and the constitution of 1864 revised in such a way as to secure two principal objects, viz. to put an end to autocracy by making the Ministers responsible only to the people through the Legislature and to widen the suffrage by extending it to foreigners, who till then had been practically debarred from naturalization. I have given the details in another paper.

Mr. Gibson was arrested July 1, but was allowed to leave on the 5th by a sailing vessel for San Francisco. Threats of lynching had been made by some young hot heads, but fortunately no acts of violence or revenge tarnished the revolution of 1887.

An election for members of the Legislature was ordered to be held September 12, and regulations were issued by the new ministry, which did away with many abuses, and secured the fairest election that had been held in the islands for twenty years. The result was an overwhelming victory for the Reform party, which was a virtual ratification of the new constitution. During the next three years, in spite of the bitter hostility and intrigues of the King, the continual agitation by demagogues, and repeated conspiracies, the country prospered under the most efficient administration that it has ever known.

FINAL SETTLEMENT OF THE AKI CASE.

It has been seen that on the 30th of June, 1887, Kalakaua promised in writing that he would "cause restitution to be made" of the \$71,000 which he had obtained from Aki, under a promise that he (Aki) should receive the license to sell opium, as provided by the Act of 1886.

The Reform cabinet urged the King to settle this claim before the meeting of the Legislature, and it was arranged that the revenues from the Crown lands should be appropriated to that object. When, however, they ascertained that his debts amounted to more than \$250,000 they advised the King to make an assignment in trust for the payment of all claims pro rata. Accordingly, a trust deed was executed November 21, 1887, assigning all the Crown land revenues and most of the King's private estate to three trustees for the said purpose, on condition that the complainant would bring no petition or bills before the Legislature, then in session.

Some three months later these trustees refused to approve or pay the Aki claim, on which Aki's executors brought suit against them in the Supreme Court.

After a full hearing of the evidence, Judge Preston decided that the plea of the defendants that the transaction between Aki and the King was illegal could not be entertained, as by the constitution the King "could do no wrong," and "can not be sued or held to account in any court of the Kingdom." Furthermore, as the claimants had agreed to forebear presenting their claim before the Legislature in consideration of the execution of the trust deed, the full court ordered their claim to be paid pro rata with the other approved claims.

The Illustrated Tourists' Guide

That popular work, "THE TOURISTS' GUIDE THROUGH THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS," is meeting with a steady sale both at home and abroad. Tourists and others visiting these islands should be in possession of a copy of it. It is a perfect mine of information relating to the scenes and attractions to be met with here. Copies in wrappers can be had at the publication office, 43 Merchant street, and at the News Dealers. Price 60 cents.